

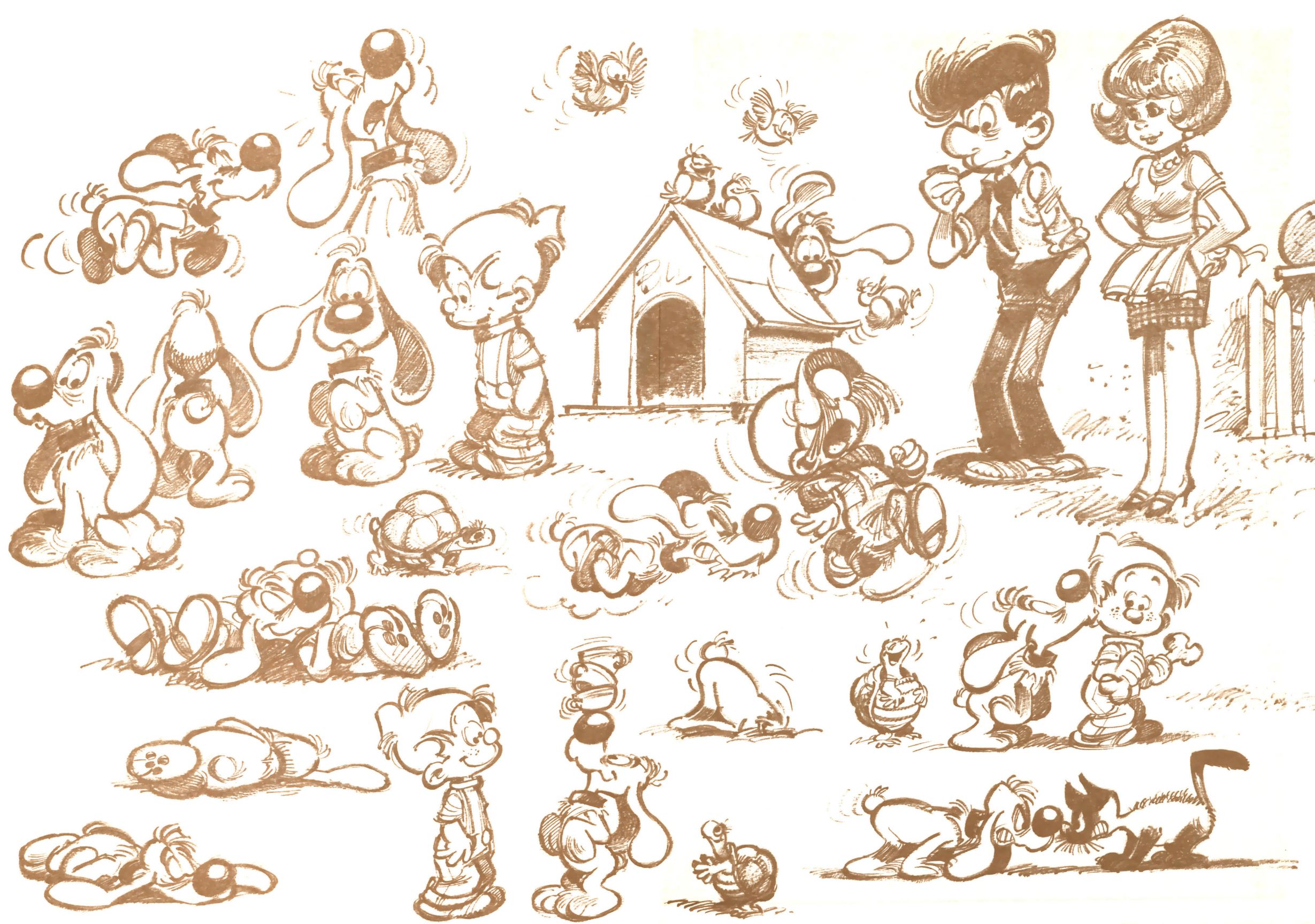
album n° **14** des gags de Boule et Bill

RAS LE Bill!

PAR
Rob



DUPUIS



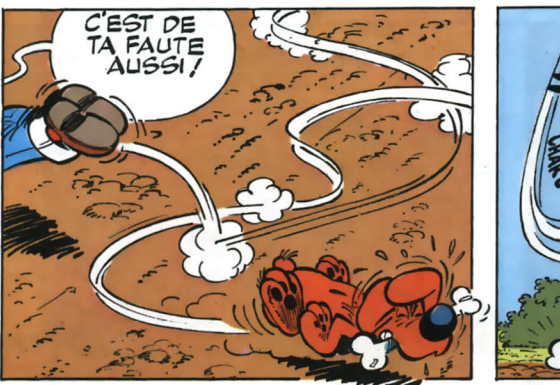
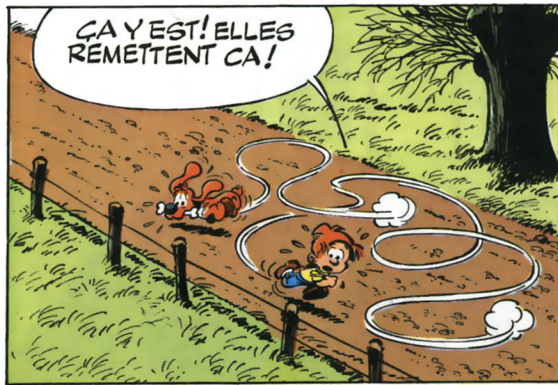
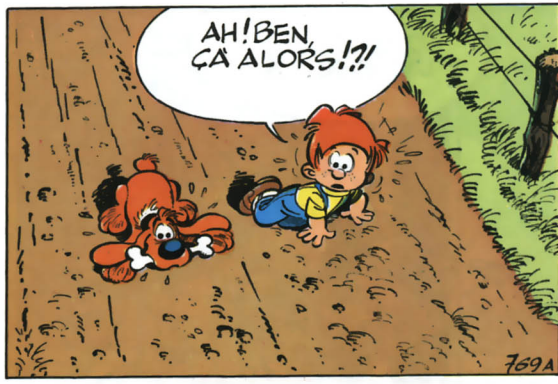
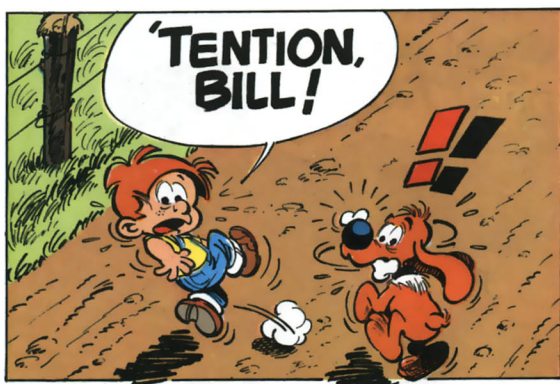
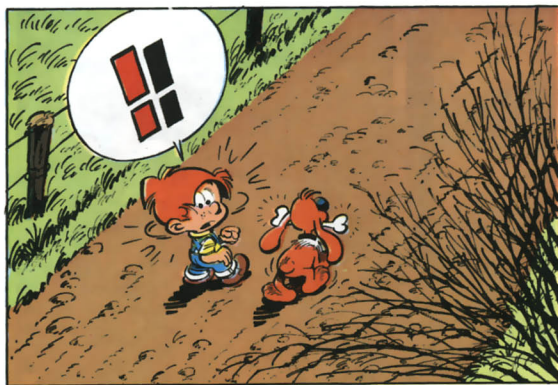
RAS LE Bill!

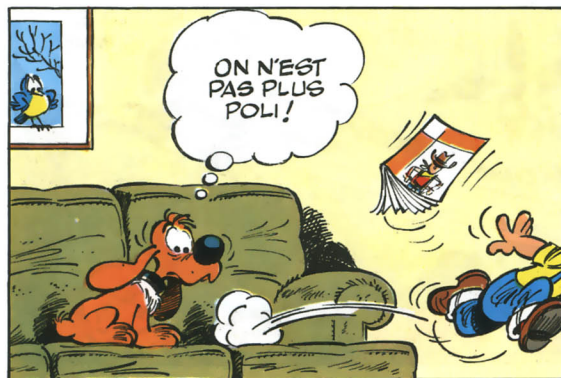
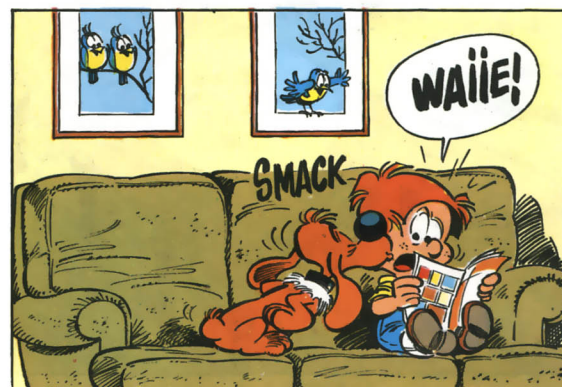
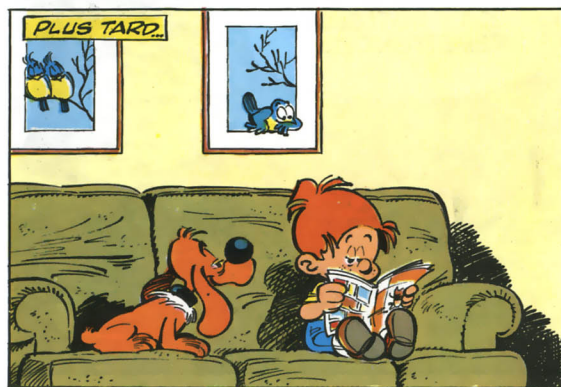
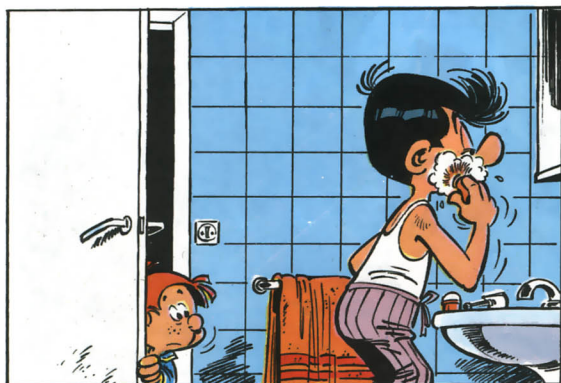
PAR
Rob

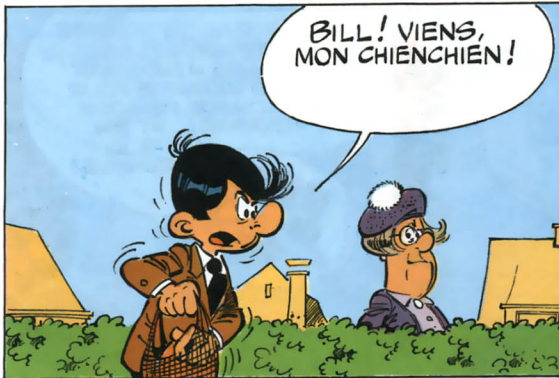
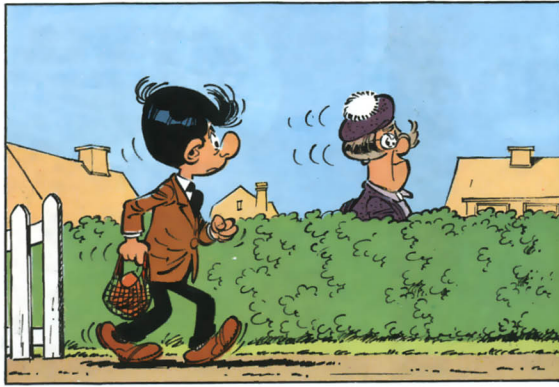


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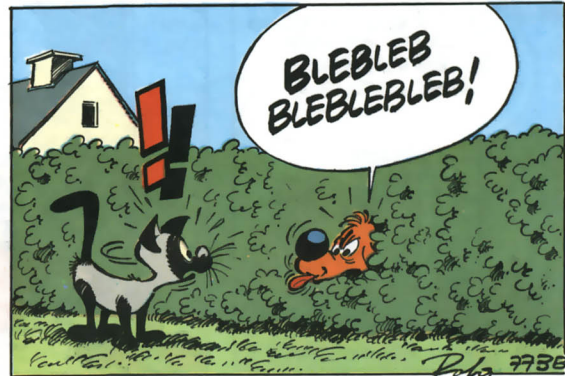
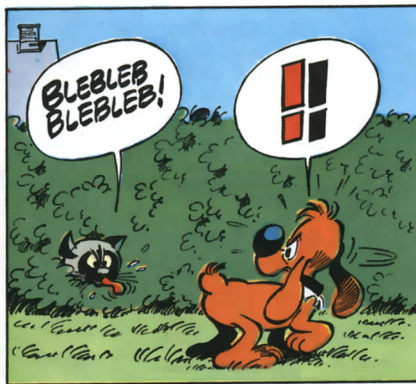
MARCINELLE-CHARLEROI / PARIS / MONTREAL / BRUXELLES / SITTARD

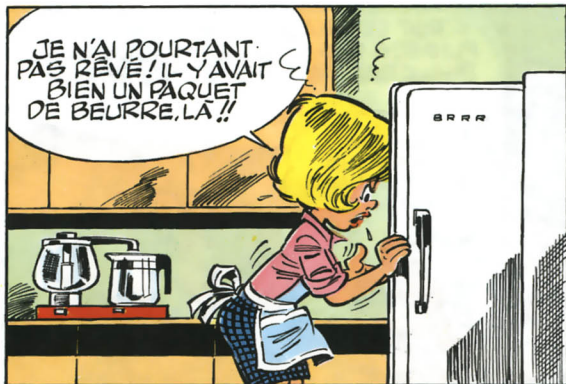
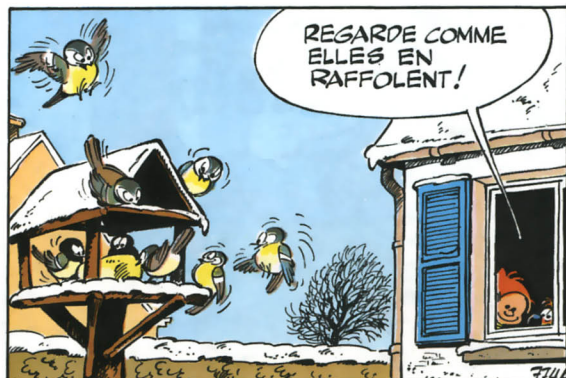


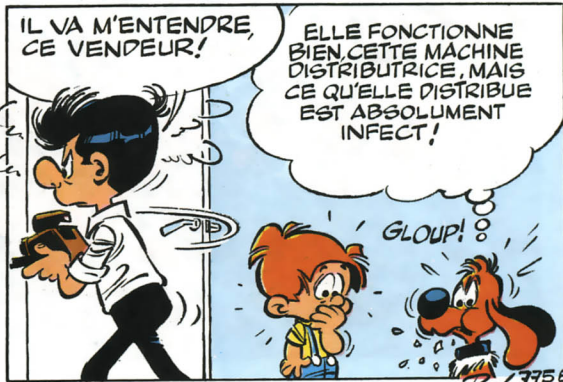
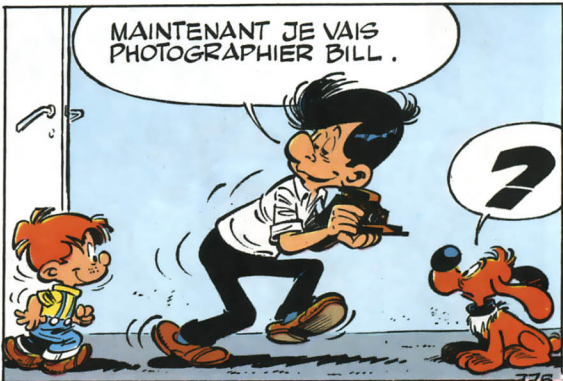


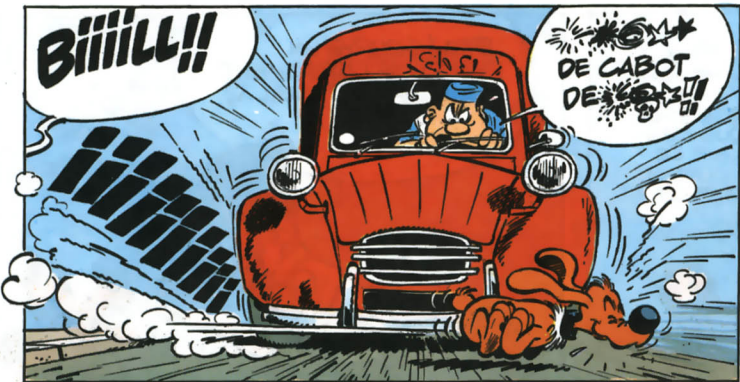
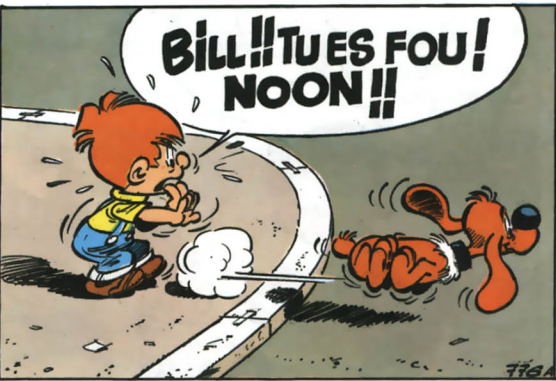
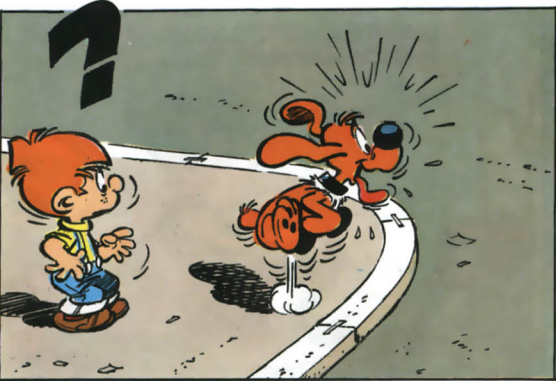


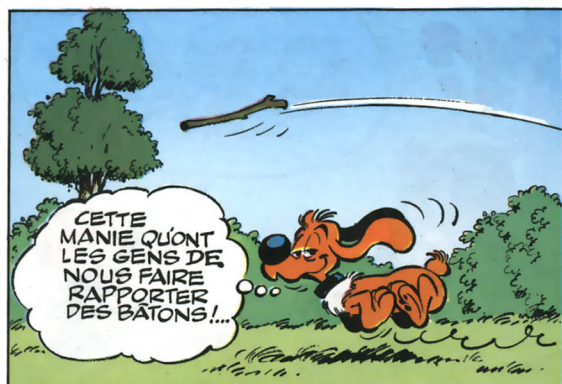


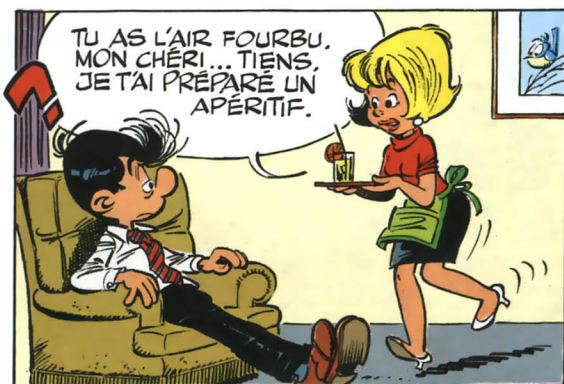


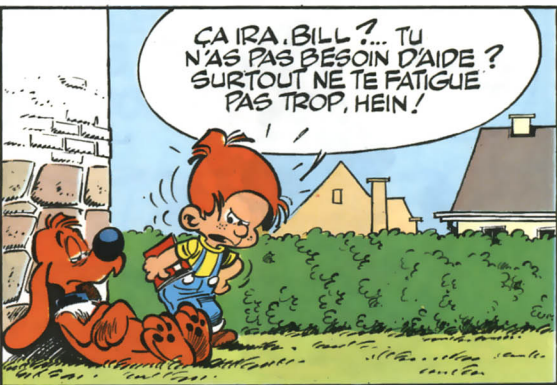
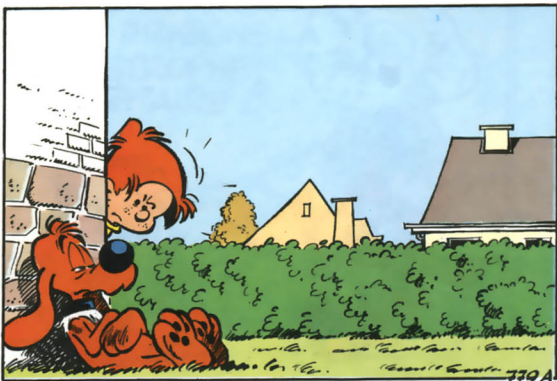
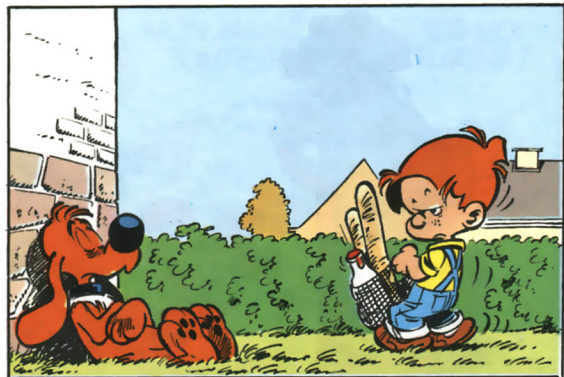
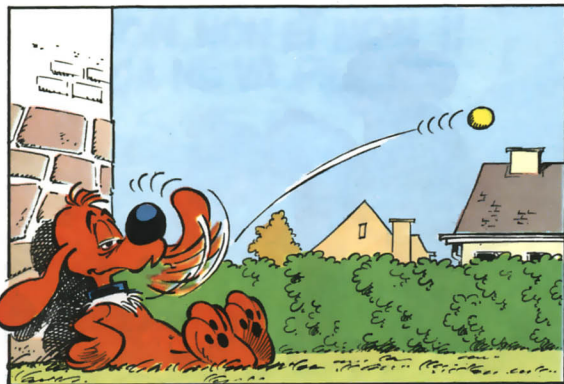


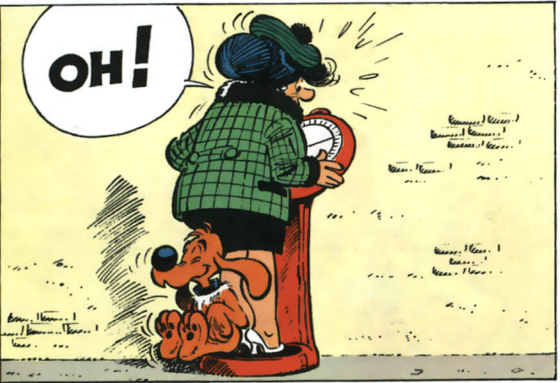
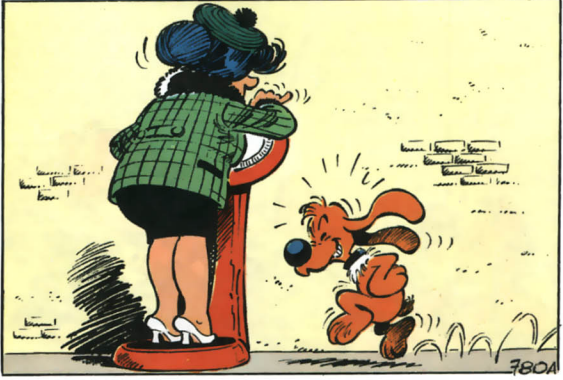
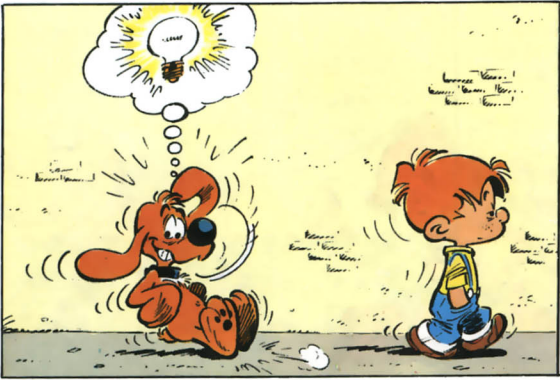
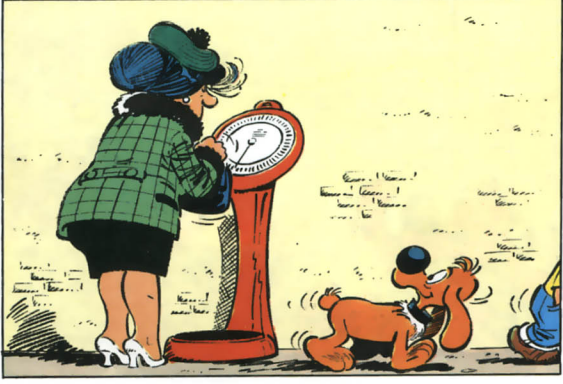
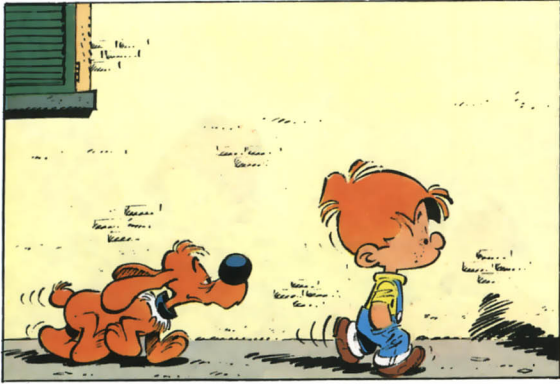


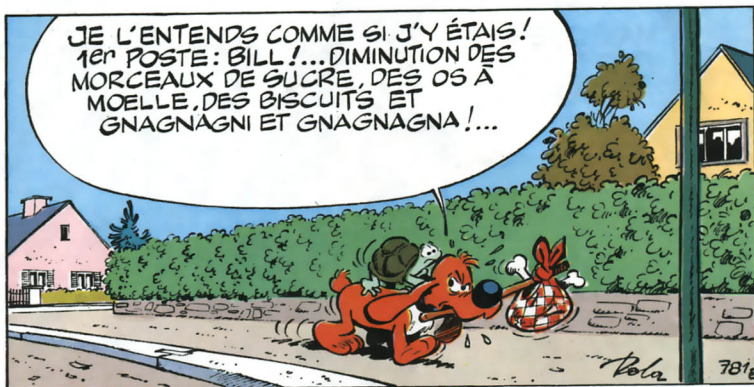
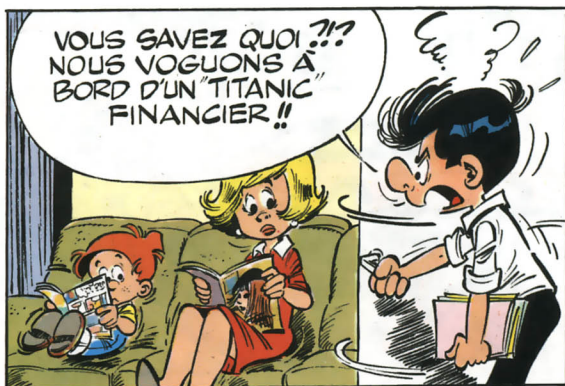


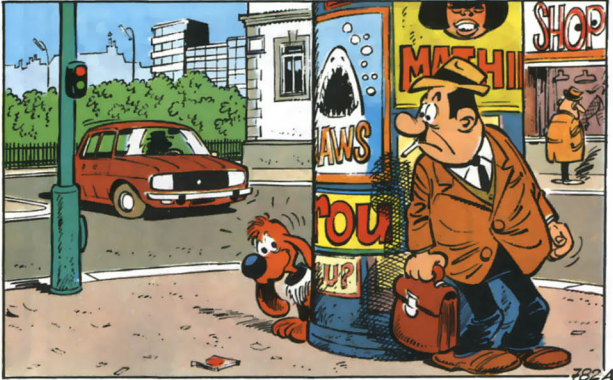
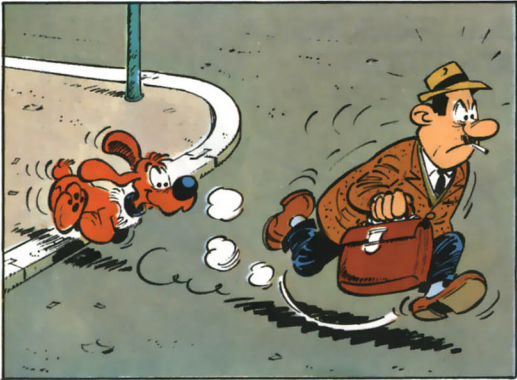
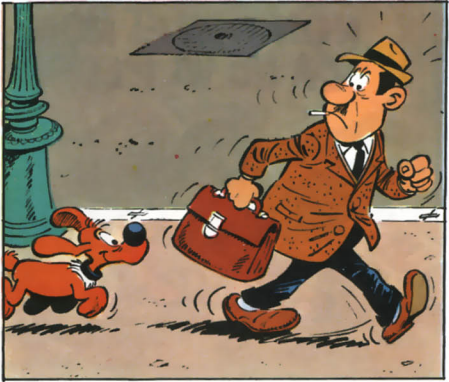
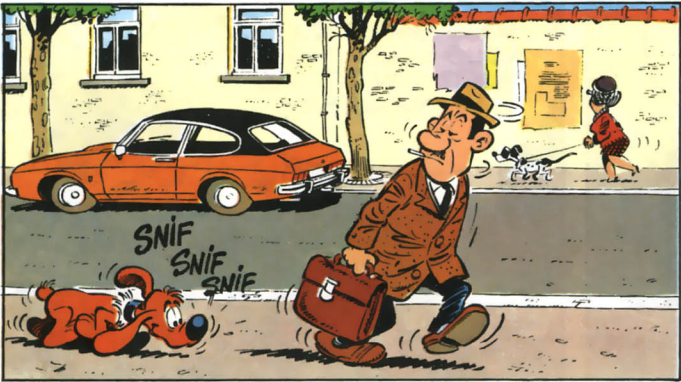




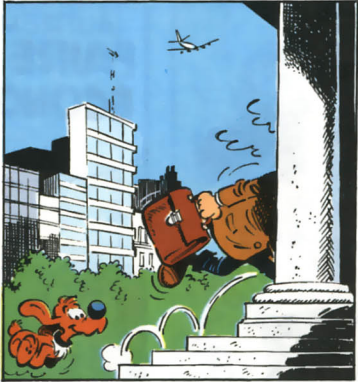
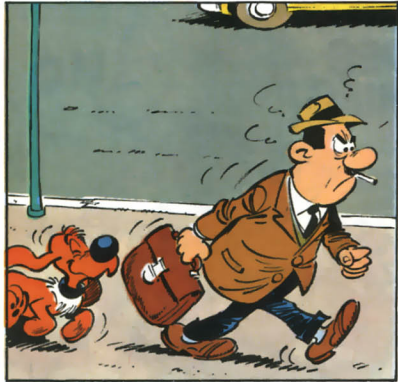




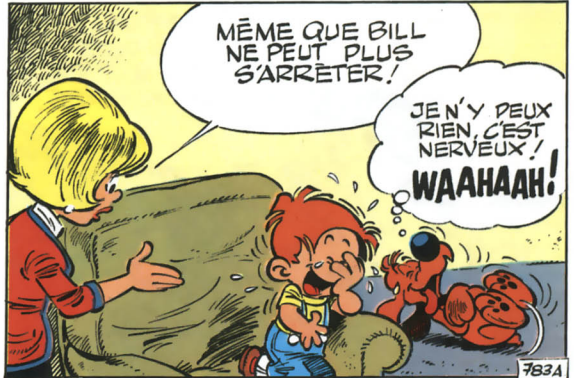
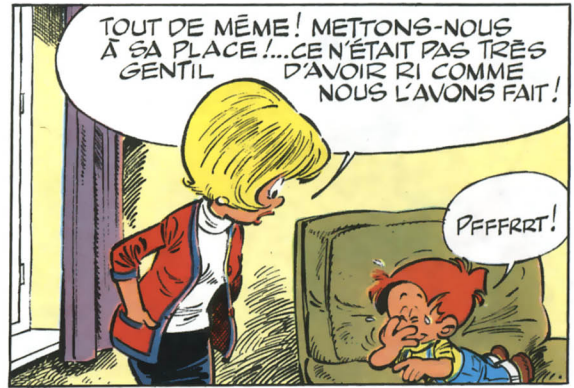


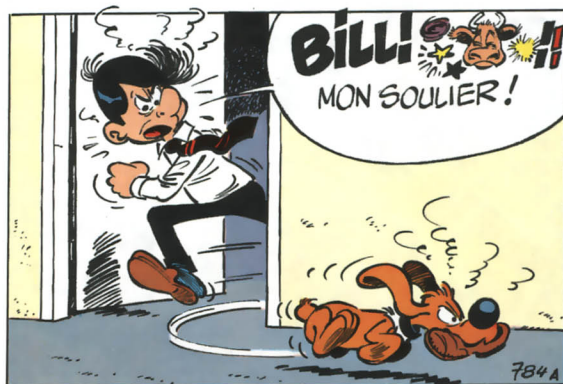


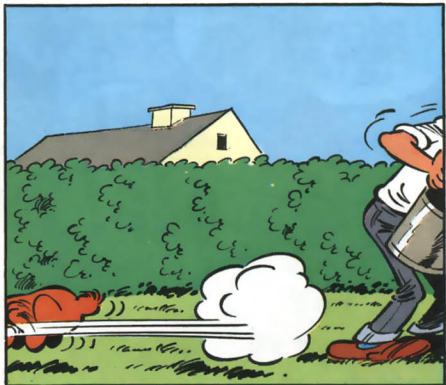
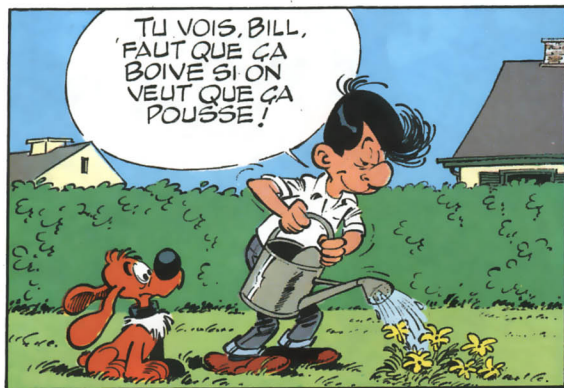
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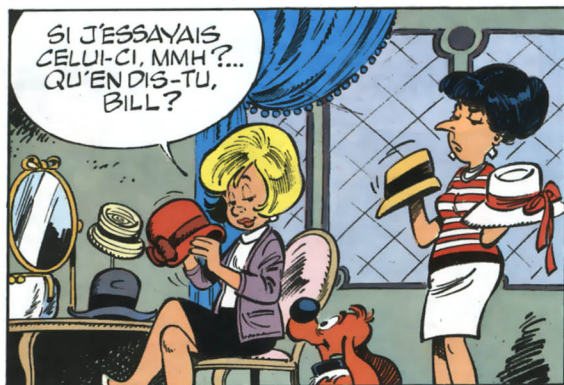


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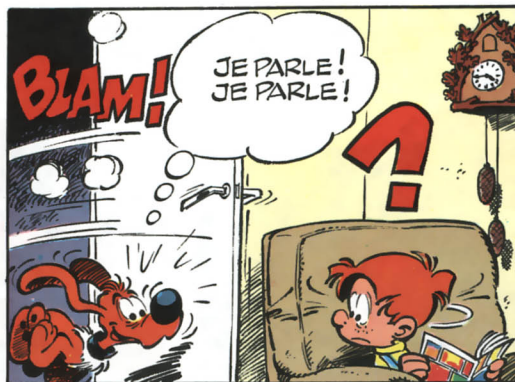
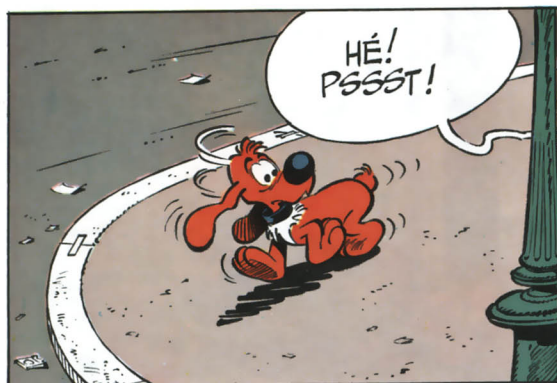


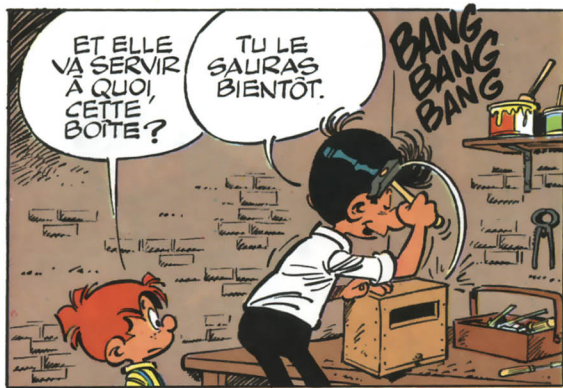
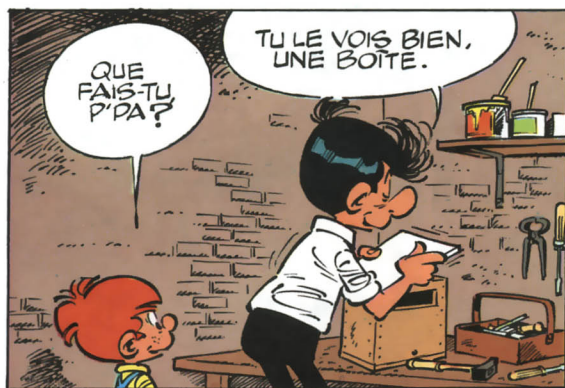


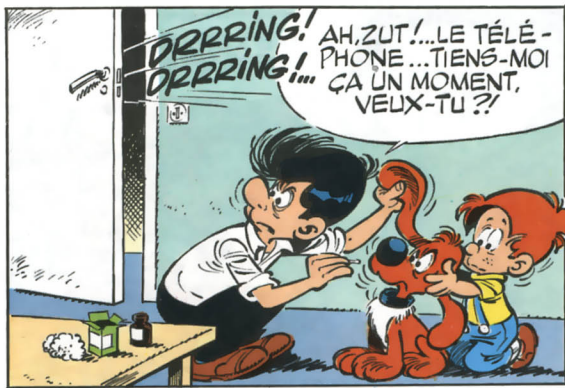


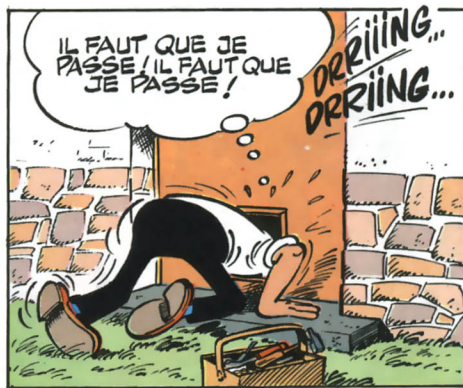
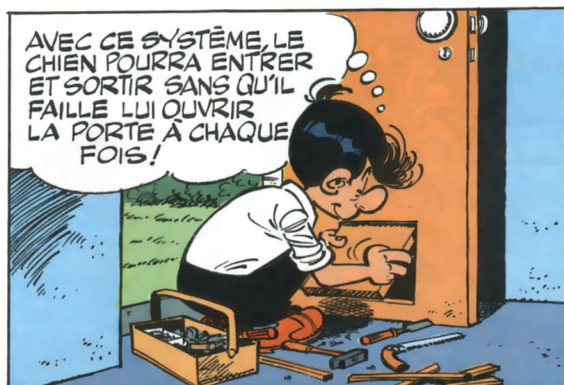


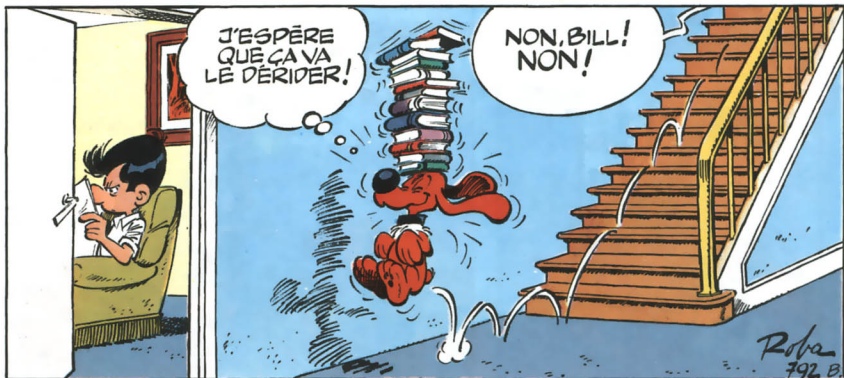
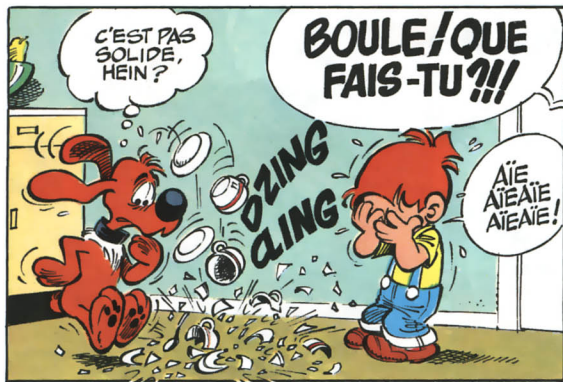


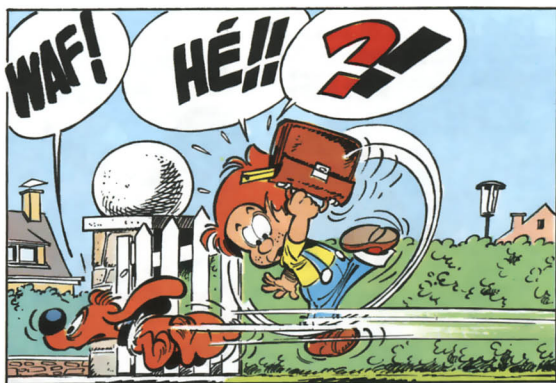




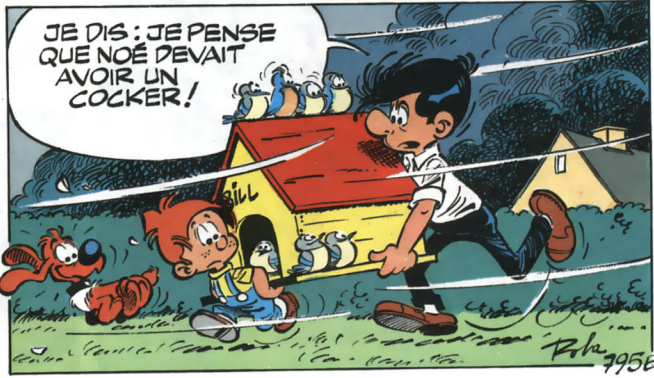
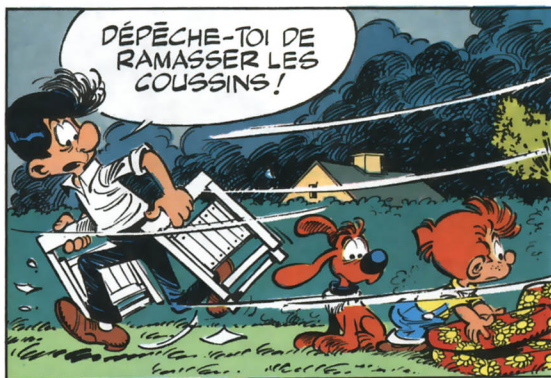


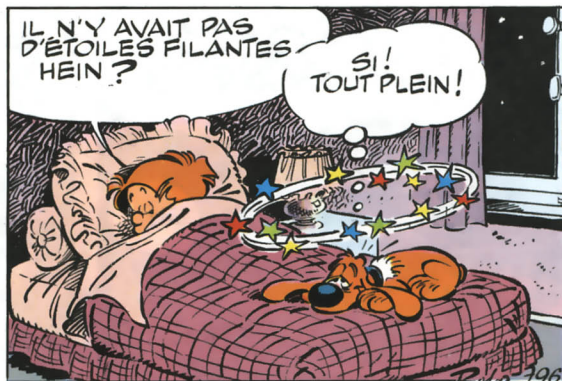


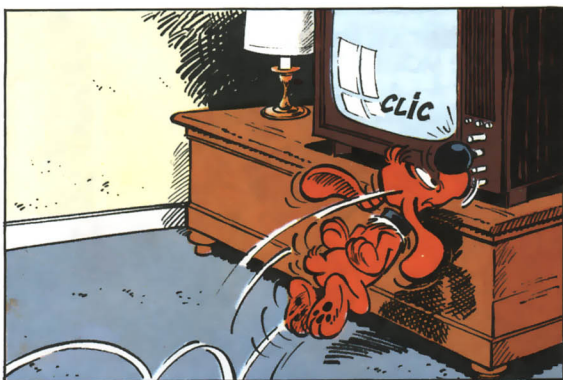
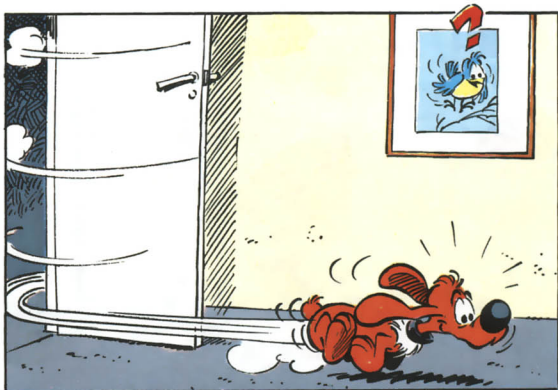
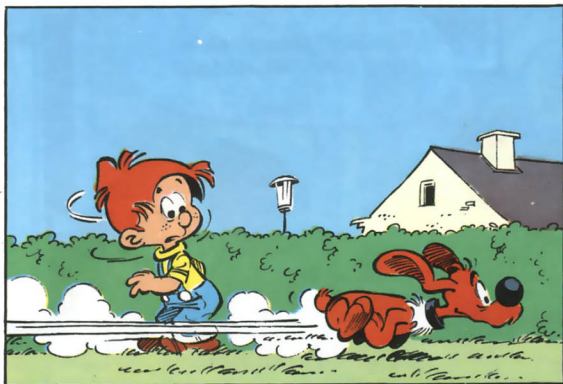


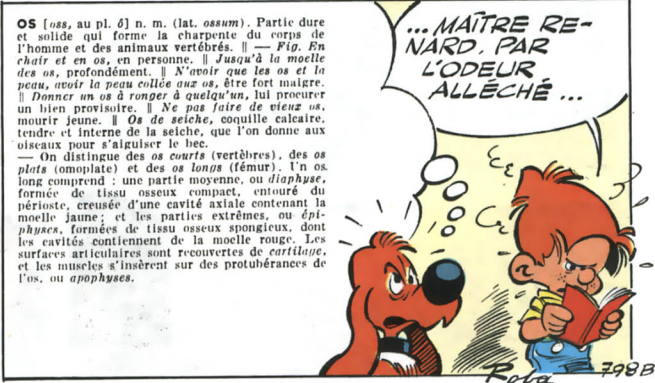
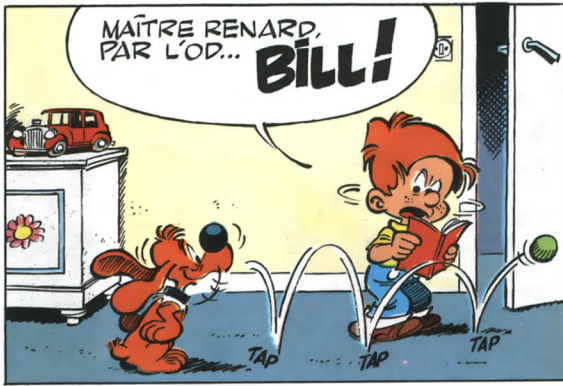
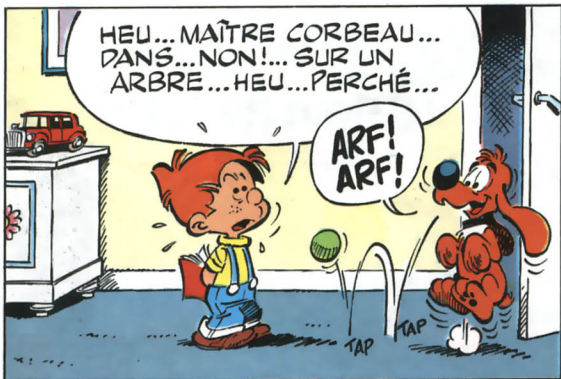




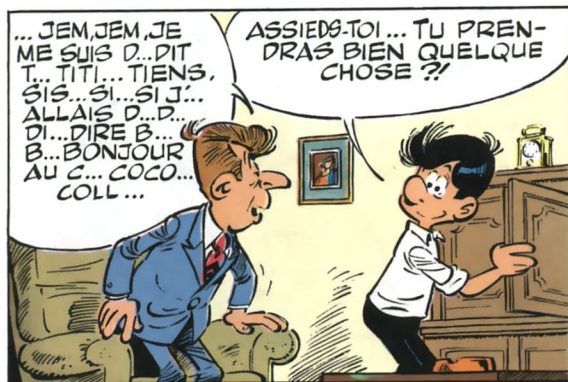
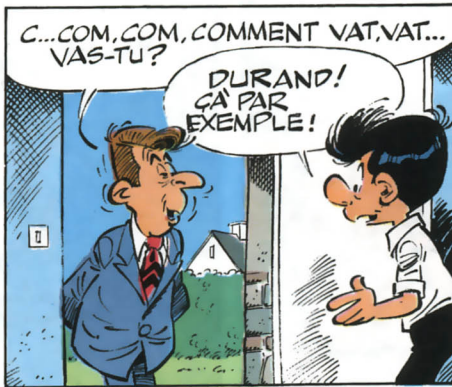


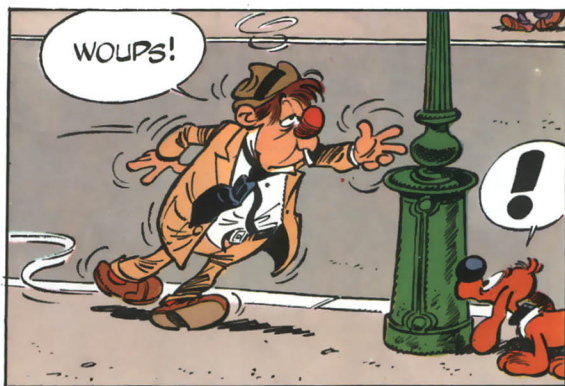


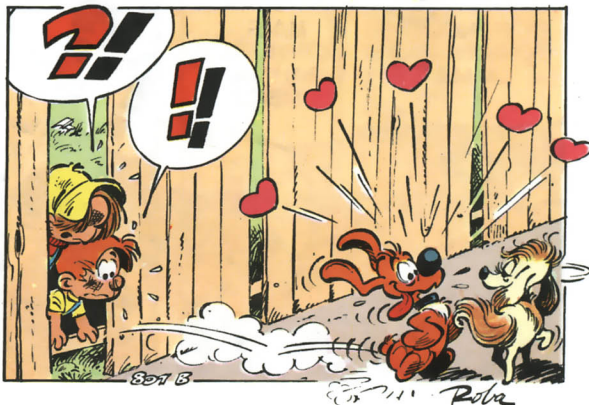
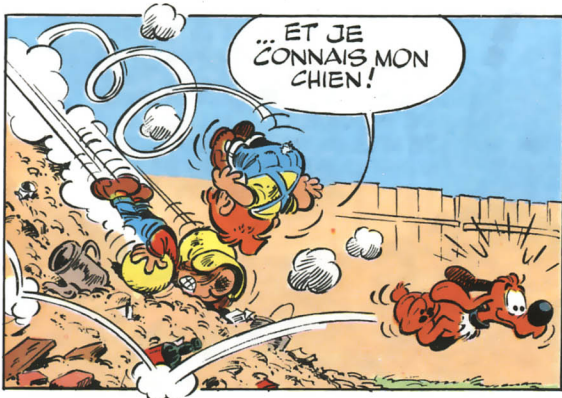
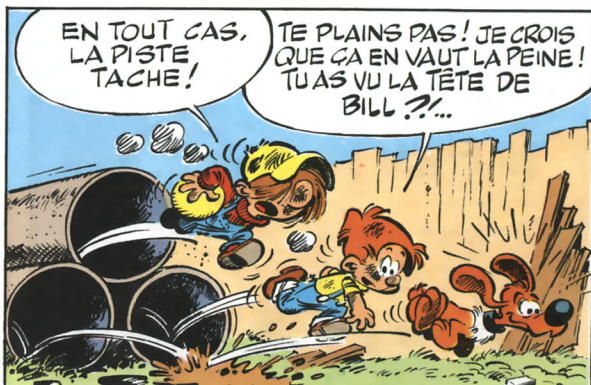
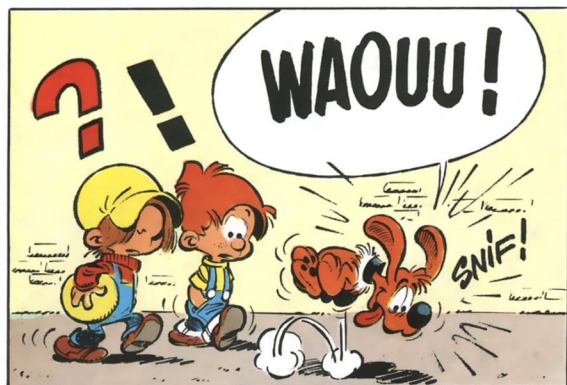


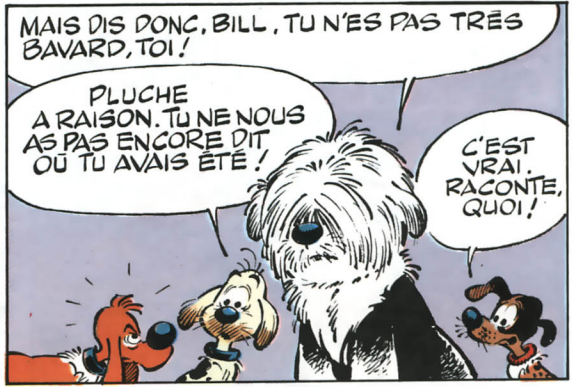
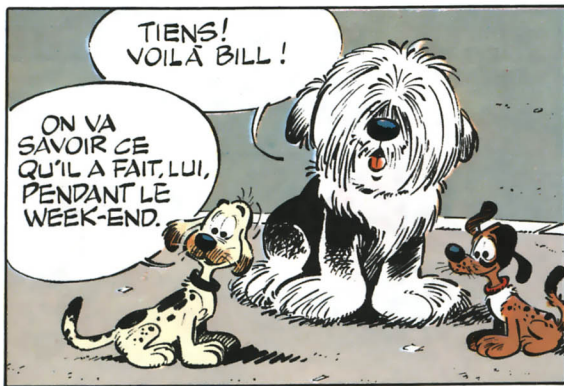


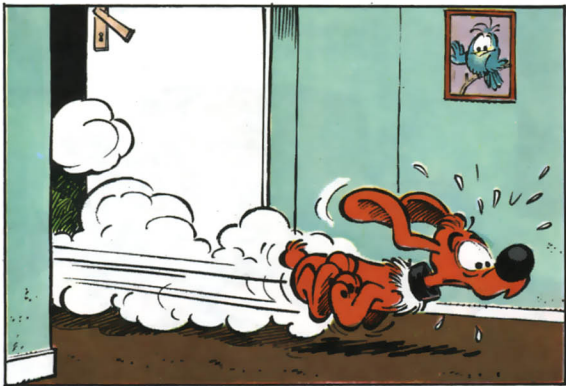
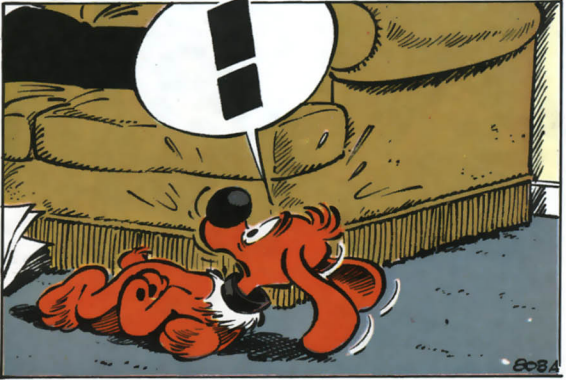
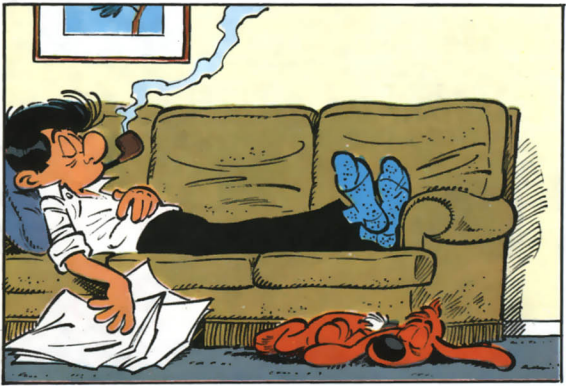
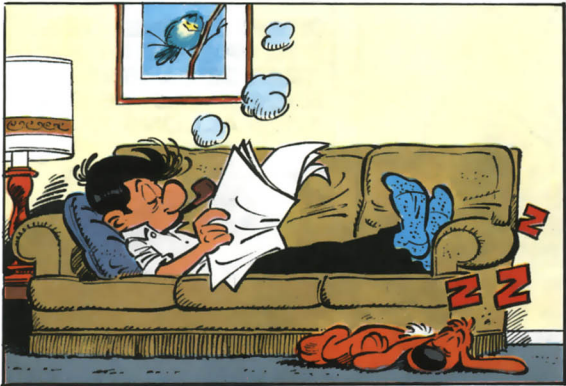
OS [oss, au pl. ô] n. m. (lat. *ossum*). Partie dure et solide qui forme la charpente du corps de l'homme et des animaux vertébrés. — Fig. En chair et en os, en personne. — Jusqu'à la moelle des os, profondément. — N'avoir que les os et la peau, avoir la peau collée aux os, être fort maigre. — Donner un os à ronger à quelqu'un, lui procurer un bien provisoire. — Ne pas faire de vieux os, mourir jeune. — Os de seiche, coquille calcaire, tendre et interne de la seiche, que l'on donne aux oiseaux pour s'aiguiser le bec. — On distingue des os courts (vertèbres), des os plats (omoplate) et des os longs (fémur). L'os long comprend : une partie moyenne, ou diaphyse, formée de tissu osseux compact, entouré du périoste, creusée d'une cavité axiale contenant la moelle jaune ; et les parties extrêmes, ou épiphyses, formées de tissu osseux spongieux, dont les cavités contiennent de la moelle rouge. Les surfaces articulaires sont recouvertes de cartilage, et les muscles s'insèrent sur des protubérances de l'os, ou apophyses.

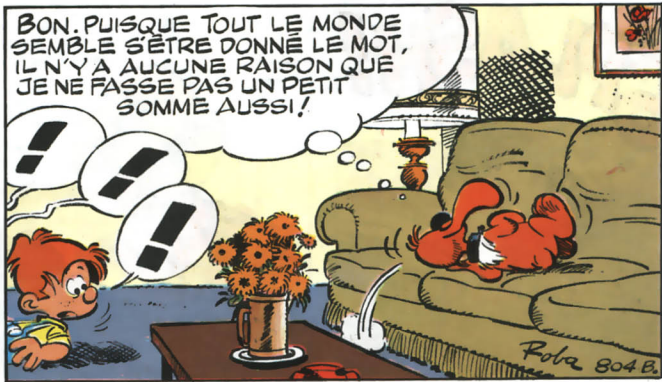
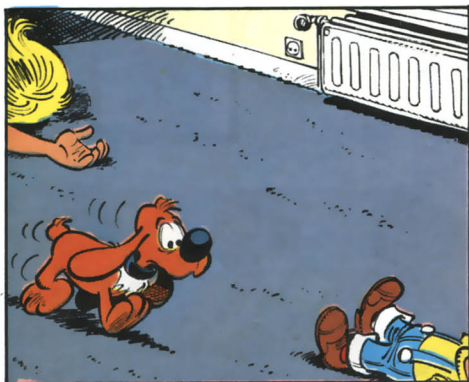
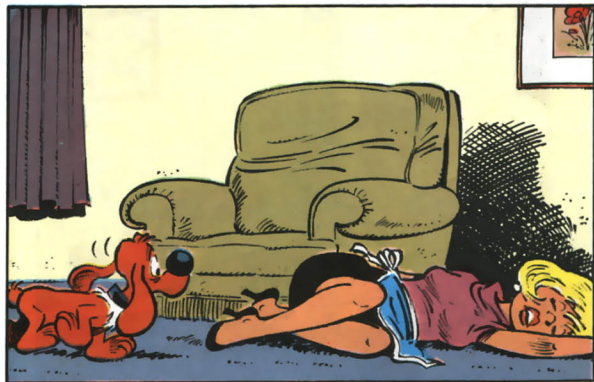
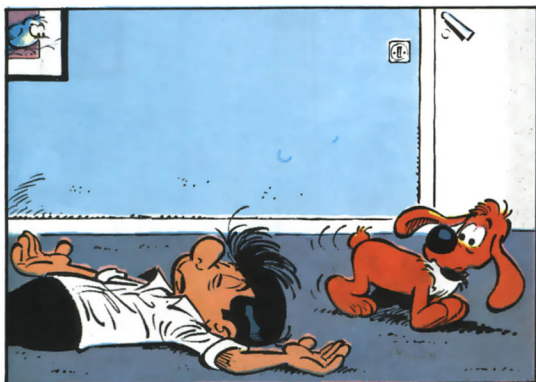
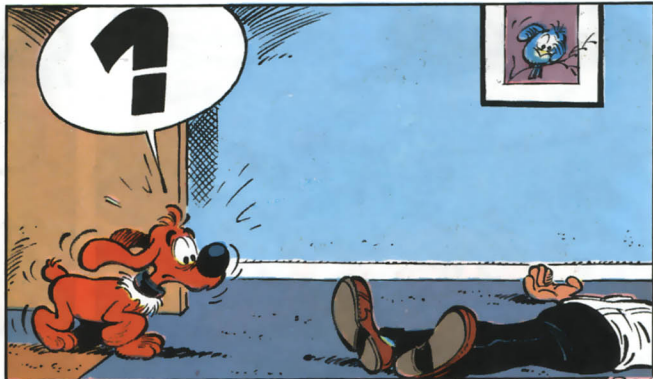


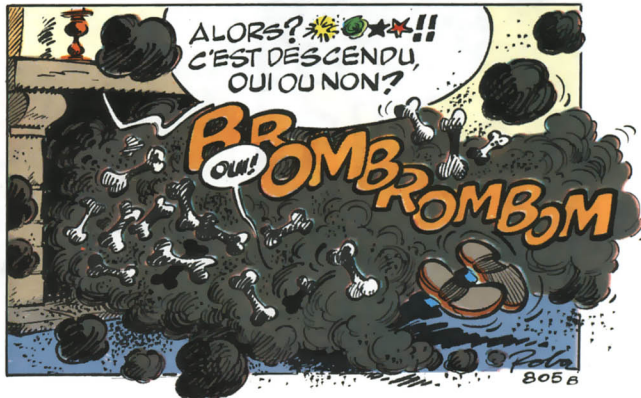
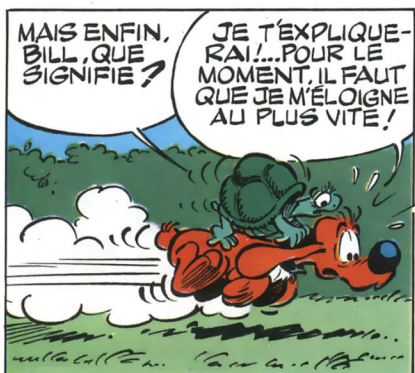


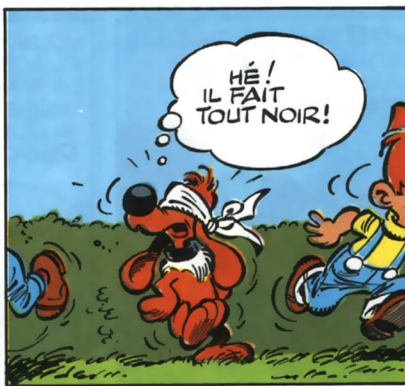


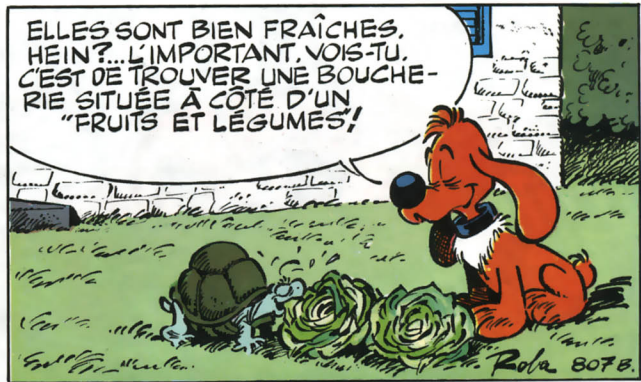
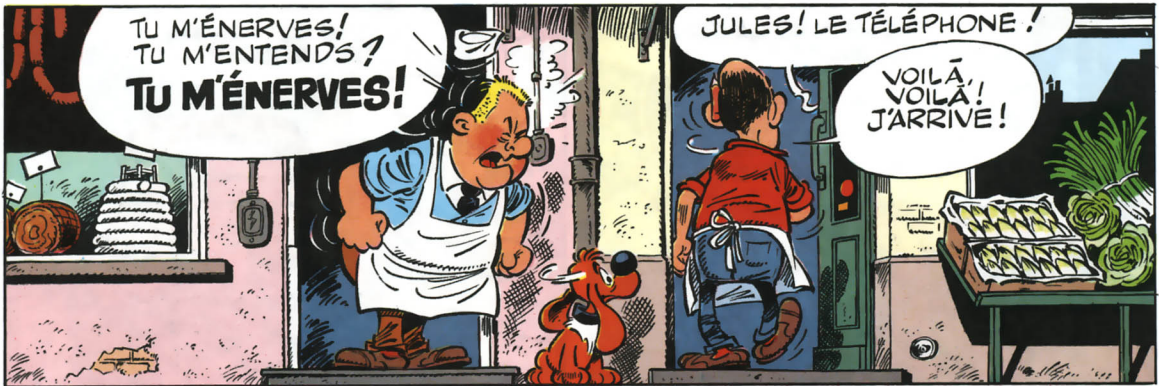
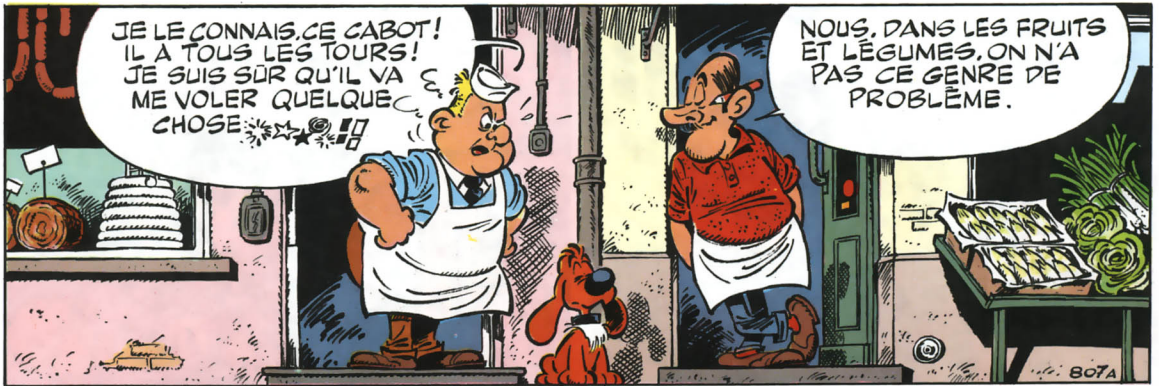


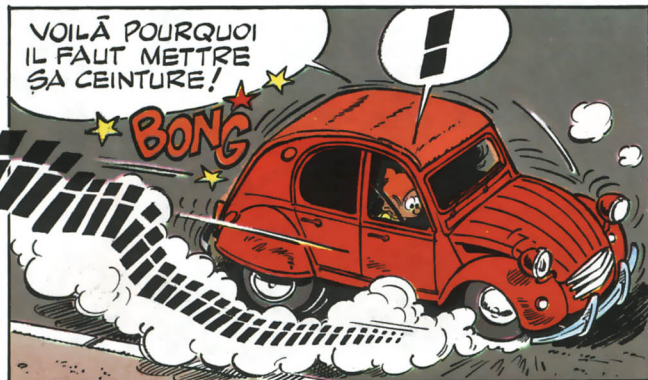
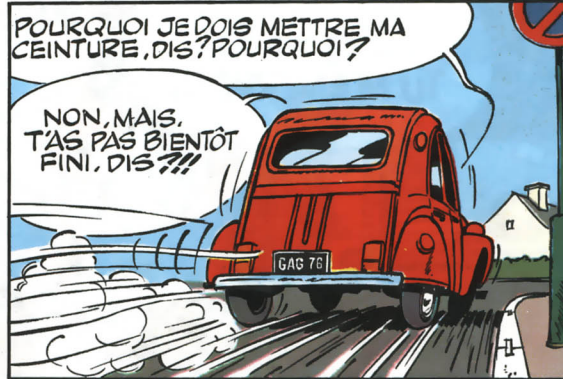
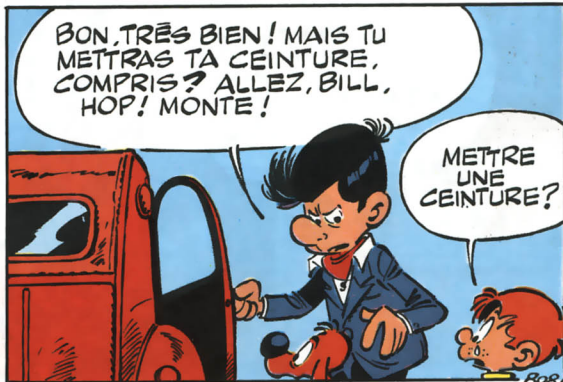












IDÉE: R.G. ROL 808 B

